

CORPORATE PRESENTATION

TSXV: LCX
November 2024

CORPORATE SNAPSHOT



Lycos Energy is an exploration, development and production company led by a team of technically experienced professionals taking a bold and disruptive approach using multi-lateral drilling to capitalize on opportunities others have bypassed.

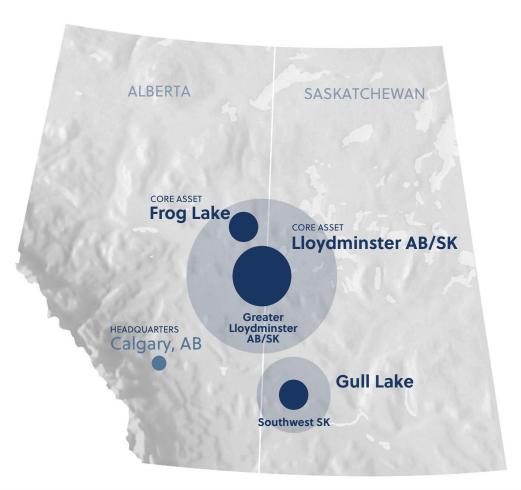
Capital Structure & Key Metrics

Basic Shares Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	53.2 MM
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	62.6 MM
Market Capitalization ⁽²⁾	\$151.7 MM
Estimated Tax Pools ⁽³⁾	\$188.7 MM
Q3 2024 Adj. Working Capital (Net debt) ⁽⁴⁾	\$(31.7) MM
Credit Facility	\$50 MM

2024 Guidance

Annual Average Production	4,500 boe/d (99%)
Capital Expenditures ⁽⁴⁾	\$67.6 MM
Adjusted Funds Flow from Operations ⁽⁴⁾	\$59.0 MM
Year End 2024E Adj. Working Capital (Net debt) ⁽⁴⁾	\$(27.3) MM
Net Debt to Cash Flow	0.5x

Basic and fully diluted shares outstanding as at September 30, 2024. Fully diluted shares outstanding includes 3.9 mm stock options (weighted avg strike price \$4.02/share) and 5.5 mm warrants (weighted avg. strike price \$2.24/ share).



²⁾ As at November 15, 2024 (\$2.85 / share close price)

B) Estimated tax pools as at September 30, 2024.

⁴⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

THE LYCOS ADVANTAGE



Proven Leadership & Board

Historical Track Record of Success Stable Business Plan in Place

Robust Initial Asset Base

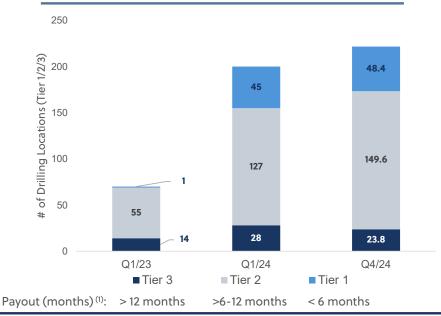
Strong Institutional Support

Production & AFF Growth



1) Q1/23 excludes the acquisition of CDLP effective March 1, 2023

Drilling Location Inventory Growth Y/Y



(1) NPV-10%, BT NPV10 and Payout assumptions are based on pricing assumptions of; US\$70/bbl WTI; (US\$13.50) WCS differential, and \$0.725 CAD/USD, operating expenses of \$7000/wm and \$10/bbl, Alberta MRF and capital expenditures of \$1.8 million.

Q4/23 includes the acquisition of CDLP, Wyatt Resources Ltd. and Durham Creek Exploration Ltd.

MANAGEMENT TEAM



Management & Board have founded, grown and sold multiple junior companies at industry-leading multiples on initial investment, and bring extensive heavy oil, horizontal and multi-lateral development experience

David Burton, P.Eng., M.Eng.

President & CEO

- 30 years experience in upstream oil and gas development
- Founder / co-founder of over 7 start ups
- Raging River Exploration Inc. (VP, Engineering),
- Wild Stream Exploration Inc. (VP, Engineering)

Jamie Conboy, P.Geol

VP Exploration

- 32 years experience in upstream oil and gas development
- Storm Resources Ltd. (VP, Geoscience)
- Storm Exploration Inc. (Chief Geologist)
- Storm Energy Ltd. (Sr. Geologist)

Kyle Boon, P. Tech (Eng.)

Chief Operating Officer

- 22 years experience in upstream oil and gas development
- Raging River Exploration Inc. (Drilling & Completions Manager)
- Wild Stream Exploration Inc. (Drilling/ Completions)

Barret Henschel, P.Eng.

VP Production

- 15 years experience in upstream oil and gas development
- Baytex Energy (Manager of Development Light Oil)
- Raging River Exploration (Sr. Area Engineer)

Lindsay Goos, CPA-CA

VP Finance & CFO

- 22 years experience in upstream oil and gas development
- Imaginea Energy Corp. (VP Finance & CFO)
- Black Shire Energy Corp. (Controller)
- KPMG LLP

Jeff Rideout P.Land, MBA

VP Land

- 24 years experience in upstream oil and gas development
- Whitecap Resources Inc. (Senior Commercial Negotiator)
- TORC Oil & Gas Ltd. (Sr. Land Negotiator)

LYCOS TEAM: TRACK RECORD OF SUCCESS



Solid Foundational Business

Shareholder Return ⁽¹⁾	Wild Stream	Raging River
Initial Shareholders	630%	279%
External	119%	205%

Historical Success (3x Proven Executers)

Low Op. Cost Producer

• Realized op. cost reductions with each iteration

Disciplined Balance Sheet

· Never exceeded 1.1x trailing debt/cash flow

Technology Implementation

• At the forefront of productivity improvements

Ability to Access Capital

Equity Raised (\$MM)	Wild Stream	Raging River
Founders	\$14.6	\$23.1
External	\$287.5	\$378.8
Total	\$302.1	\$401.9

Wild Stream Exploration Inc.



Raging River Exploration Inc.

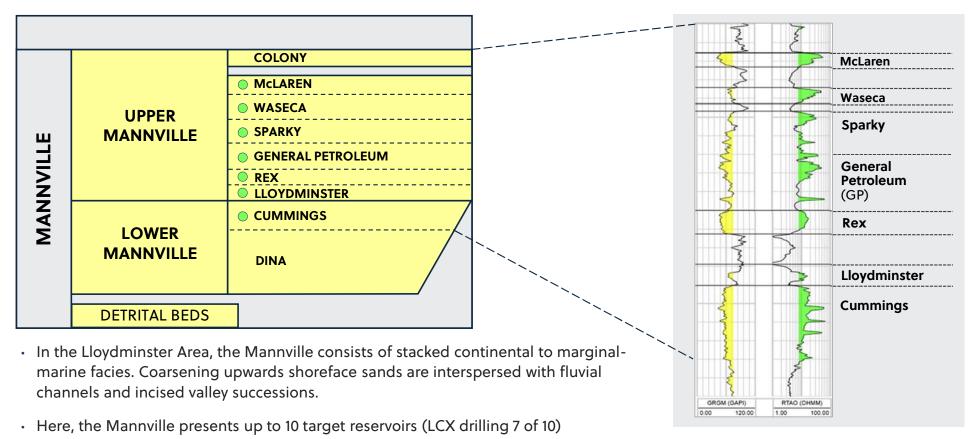


¹⁾ Shareholder return calculated as final sale price divided by initial financing price

LCX DRILLING TARGETS



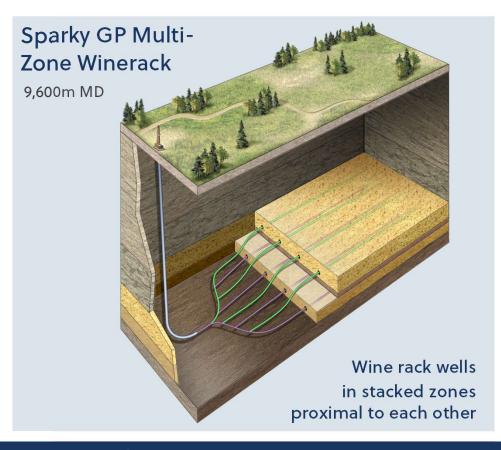
Lycos targets the 'Mannville Stack', a series of sandstone deposits found in Alberta & Saskatchewan

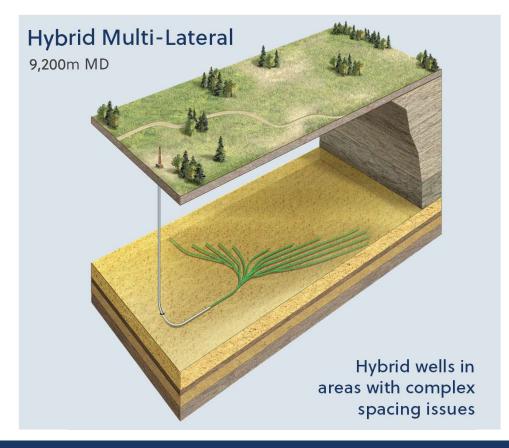


LCX INNOVATIVE DRILLING PATTERNS



Lycos uses fit-for-purpose multi-lateral styles which are selected for the particular zone being drilled

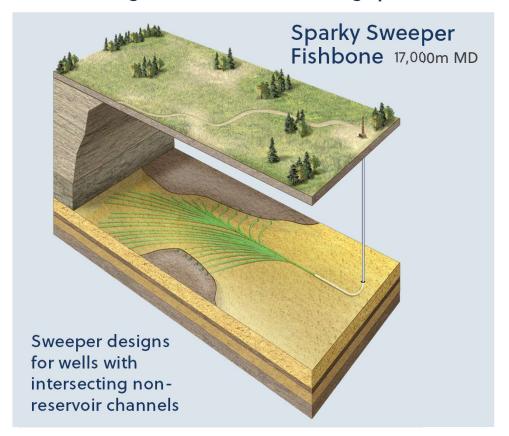


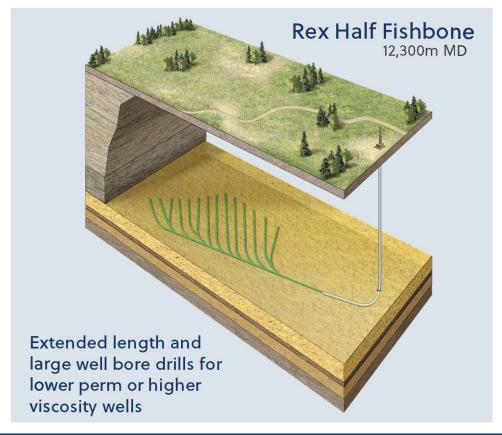


LCX INNOVATIVE DRILLING PATTERNS



Lycos has been at the forefront of multi-lateral, next-gen development geometries including industry leading number of legs and total drilled meterage per well

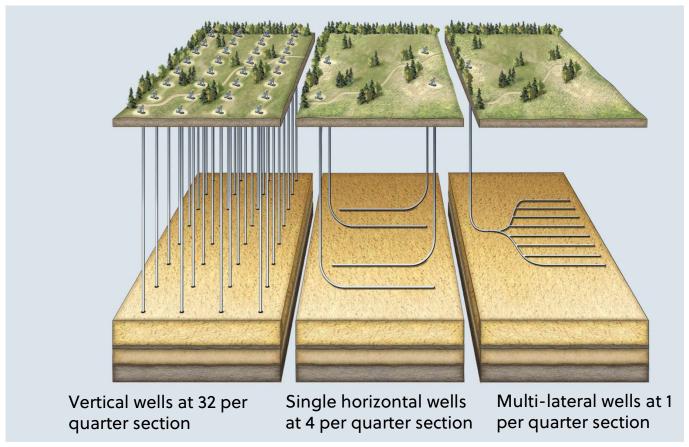




IMPACT OF DECREASED FOOTPRINT



Lycos uses fit-for-purpose multi-lateral styles which are selected for the particular zone being drilled



LYCOS – A PROVEN MULTI-LATERAL DRILLER



Multi-lateral development uses well LENGTH to increase productivity and IRR as opposed to other methods such as hydraulic fracturing or steam flooding

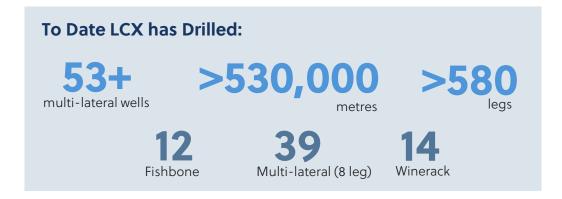
Multi-lateral drilling is substantially more cost effective on a \$/incremental bbl of production than vertical, "single leg" horizontal wells or other method



- Vertical wells are limited in reservoir contact to a maximum of the reservoir thickness and require between 64 and 128 wells drilled per square mile
- "Single leg" horizontal wells are limited (at Mannville depths) to ~ 3,000m or horizontal length & require 16 to 32 wells drilled per square mile

Benefits of Multi-Laterals:

- Substantially lower capital intensity than other methods of development
- · Minimizes surface disturbance
- · Involves no "fracking" or high-pressure pumping
- Requires little to no water

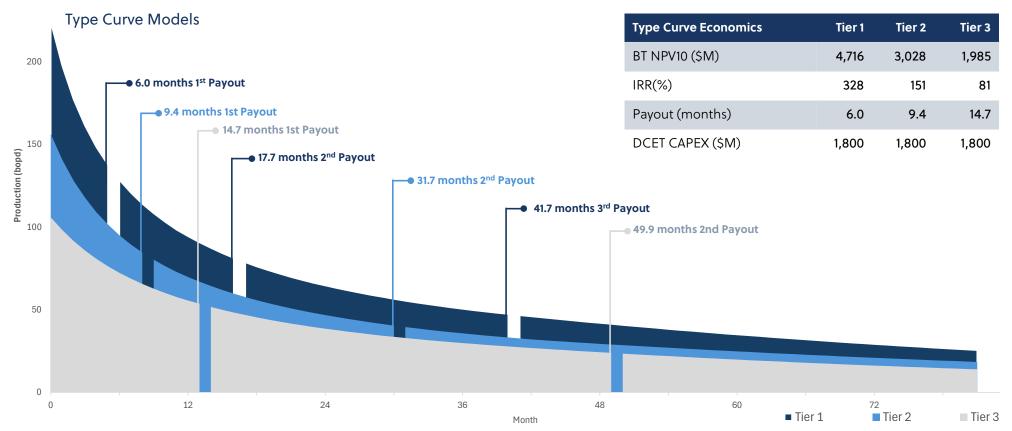


Lycos enhances flow by using extended length horizontal drilling with up to 40 individual multiple legs that can access up to 20,000m of drilled reservoir, developing an entire square mile from a single surface pad

MULTIPLE PAYOUTS IN LESS THAN TWO YEARS



Rapid well payouts allows for quick recycling of capital, supporting cash flow generation



*NPV-10%, BT NPV10 and Payout assumptions are based on pricing assumptions of; US\$70/bbl WTI; (US\$13.50) WCS differential; and 0.725 CAD/USD, operating expenses of \$7000/wm and \$10/bbl, Alberta MRF and capital expenditures of \$1.8 million

2024 LCX WELLS STRONG PERFORMANCE TO TYPE CURVE



Comparison of LCX Multi-Lateral Wells to Tier Type Curves	Type Curve Economics	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
700	BT NPV10 (\$M)	4,716	3,028	1,985
	IRR(%)	328	151	8
600	Payout (months)	6.0	9.4	14.7
500	DCET CAPEX (\$M)	1,800	1,800	1,800
300				

LYCOS ENERGY INC. TSXV: LCX

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 300 310 320 330 340 350 360 Days on Production

2024 Average

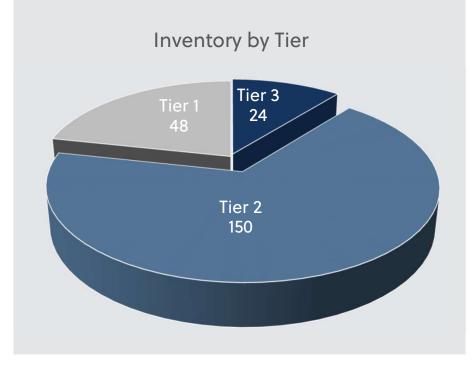
^{*} NPV-10%, BT NPV10 and Payout assumptions are based on pricing assumptions of; US\$70/bbl WTI; (US\$13.50) WCS differential; and 0.725 CAD/USD, operating expenses of \$7000/wm and \$10/bbl, Alberta MRF and capital expenditures of \$1.8 million

INVENTORY DISTRIBUTION & UNRISKED POTENTIAL ASSET VALUE

Healthy inventory of identified net drilling locations across Tier 1, 2 and 3 provides support for future organic growth

Tier	Inventory (Net Wells)	Potential Value (BTAX PV10) (1)	Potential \$ Per share ⁽²⁾
1	48.4	>\$225 MM	>\$4.30
2	149.6	>\$450 MM	>\$8.50
3	23.8	>\$45 MM	>\$0.90
Total	221.9	>\$725 MM	>\$13.70





¹⁾ NPV-10%, BT NPV10 and Payout assumptions are based on pricing assumptions of; US\$70/bbl WTI; (US\$13.50) WCS differential; and 0.725 CAD/USD, operating expenses of \$7000/wm and \$10/bbl, Alberta MRF and capital expenditures of \$1.8 million.

²⁾ Per share value are based on potential value divided by 53.08 million basic shares outstanding.



APPENDIX



Corporate Headquarters

Suite 1900 215 – 2nd Street SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 1M4 Tel: (403) 453-1950

Lending

National Bank of Canada

Registrar & Transfer Agent

Odyssey Trust Corporation

Auditors

KPMG LLP

Legal Counsel

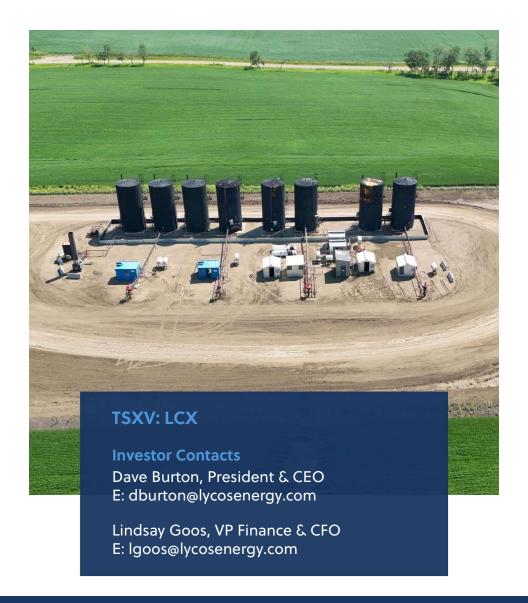
Stikeman Elliott LLP

Evaluation Engineers

Sproule

Equity Research Coverage

Institution	Analyst
National Bank Financial	Dan Payne
Peters & Co. Limited	Conrad Bereznicki
Eight Capital	Christopher True
BMO Capital Markets	Jeremy McCrea
Haywood Securities Inc.	Christopher Jones
ATB Financial	Amir Arif



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Kevin Olson

Chairman of the Board

- Director Headwater Exploration
- Former director and founder of Raging River Exploration Inc., Wild Stream Exploration Inc. and Wild River Resources Ltd.
- Former CEO of Kyklopes Capital Management and Energy X Equity

David Burton, P.Eng., M.Eng.

President, CEO & Director

• Lycos Energy Inc. (President & CEO)

Ali Horvath, CPA, CA

Independent Director

- CFO and VP Finance Headwater Exploration
- Former Controller and founder of Raging River Exploration Inc. and Wild Stream Exploration Inc.

Geri Greenall, CFA

Independent Director

- Chief Operating Officer of Cascade Trading Ltd.
- Former CFO and co-founder, Spartan Delta Corp. and Camber Capital Corp.
- Former Portfolio Manager & Chief Compliance Officer, Canoe Financial

Bruce Beynon, P. Geol

Independent Director

- Athabasca Oil Corp (VP, Light Oil)
- Southern Energy (Director)
- Baytex Energy (Executive VP, Exploration and Corporate Development)
- Raging River Exploration (President and Executive VP)

Kel Johnston

Independent Director

- Carbon Infrastructure Partners (Partner)
- Wylander Crude Corp. (President)
- Lakeview Energy Ltd. (VP, Corporate Development)

Neil Roszell, P.Eng.

Special Advisor to the Board

Executive Chairman of Headwater Exploration. Former President, CEO, Executive Chairman and founder of Raging River Exploration Inc., Wild Stream Exploration Inc., Wild River Resources Ltd.





Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements included in this corporate presentation (the "Presentation") constitute forward-looking statements or forward-looking information under applicable securities legislation. Such forward-looking statements or information are provided for the purpose of providing information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future. Readers are cautioned that reliance on such information may not be appropriate for other purposes, such as making investment decisions. Forward-looking statements or information typically contain statements with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "intend", "estimate", "propose", "project" or similar words (including negative and grammatical variations) suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook. Forward-looking statements or information in this Presentation include, but are not limited to, statements or information with respect to: Lycos Energy Inc.'s ("Lycos" or the "Corporation") business strategy, strengths, focus and objectives (including use of the Corporation's multi-lateral and "fishbone" geometries); the Corporation's 2024 guidance; statements with respect to the performance characteristics of the Corporation's oil and natural gas properties and wells (including properties and wells Lycos believes analogous to its own); anticipated benefits of the Corporation's 2023 acquisitions, including the impact of such acquisitions on the Corporation's operations, reserves, inventory and opportunities; future production levels; anticipated benefits of the Corporation's innovative drilling patterns; development opportunities; potential drilling locations; economics and payouts of the Corporation's wells; Lycos' ability to execute on its business plan and capital program; development plans and expected growth (including anticipated production growth); exploration plans; land acquisition and consolidation plans and the timing thereof; and Lycos' potential expenditures. In addition, the statements contained herein relat

Assumptions

Forward looking statements or information are based on a number of factors and assumptions which have been used to develop such statements and information, but which may prove to be incorrect. Although the Corporation believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements or information are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking statements because the Corporation can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. In addition to other factors and assumptions which may be identified in this Presentation, assumptions have been made regarding, among other things: the business plan of the Lycos; the timing and success of future drilling, development and completion activities; the performance of existing wells and the performance of new wells; the geological characteristics of Lycos' properties, including recently acquired properties; the accuracy of geological and geophysical data and its interpretations of that data; estimated decline rates; the impact of increasing competition; the general stability of the economic and political environment in which the Corporation operates; the timely receipt of any required regulatory approvals; the ability of the Corporation to obtain qualified staff, equipment and services in a timely and cost efficient manner; the ability of the Corporation to obtain financing on acceptable terms; field production rates and decline rates; the ability to replace and expand oil and natural gas reserves through acquisition, development or exploration; the successful integration of the recently acquired assets into Lycos' operations; the timing and costs of pipeline, storage and facility construction and expansion and the ability of the Corporation to secure adequate product transportation; prevailing weather and break-up conditions and access to the Corporations's drilling locations; future oil and natural gas prices; price volatility; currency, exchange and interest rates; the regulatory framework regarding royalties, taxes an



Risks and Uncertainties

Forward-looking statements or information are based on current expectations, estimates and projections that involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by the Corporation and described in the forward-looking statements or information. These risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward looking statements or information include, among other things: the ability of management to execute its business plan; general economic and business conditions; the risk of instability affecting the jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates; risks associated with the oil and natural gas industry in general (e.g. operational risks in exploring for, developing and producing crude oil and natural gas; market demand; changes to supply and demand for oil and natural gas; uncertainty of reserves estimates; uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to production, costs and expenses, including increased operating and capital costs due to inflationary pressures); the possibility that government policies or laws may change, including but not limited to tax laws, royalties and environmental regulations (including uncertainty with respect to the interpretation of omnibus Bill C-59 and the related amendments to the Competition Act (Canada)): the possibility that governmental approvals may be delayed or withheld: risks and uncertainties involving geology of oil and natural gas deposits; the ability of the Corporation to add production and reserves through acquisition, development and exploration activities; the Corporation's ability to enter into or renew leases; potential delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures; the uncertainty of foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates; risks inherent in the Corporation's marketing operations, including credit risk; uncertainty in amounts and timing of royalty payments; health, safety and environmental risks; adverse weather or break-up conditions, including severe weather events and natural disasters such as fires, droughts and flooding; risks associated with existing and potential future law suits and regulatory actions against the Corporation; uncertainties as to the availability and cost of financing; financial risks affecting the value of the Corporation's investments; access to water contingent on river flow rates; actions of OPEC and OPEC+ members; and the impact on the Corporation of the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine as well as the war between Israel and Hamas. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list is not exhaustive of all possible risks and uncertainties. Please refer to the Corporation's annual information form for the year ended December 31, 2023, and its most recent management discussion and analysis, for additional risk factors relating to Lycos. Copies of these documents may be accessed under the Corporation's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

Future Oriented Financial Information

This Presentation contains Future Oriented Financial Information ("FOFI") within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including, but not limited to, FOFI in respect of: prospective results of operations and production; cashflows; capital programs; estimated working capital; Year End 2024E Adjusted Working Capital (Net Debt); 2024 Net Debt to Cash Flow; operating costs; payout of wells; EUR; PV10; NPV10; IRR; and capital structure and components thereof. The FOFI has been prepared by Lycos' management to provide an outlook of the Corporation's activities and results as of the date of this Presentation. The FOFI has been prepared based on a number of assumptions including the assumptions discussed under the heading "Forward-Looking Statements" and assumptions with respect to the costs and expenditures to be incurred by the Corporation, capital equipment and operating costs, foreign exchange rates, taxation rates for the Corporation, general and administrative expenses and the prices to be paid for the Corporation. Management does not have firm commitments for all of the costs, expenditures, prices or other financial assumptions used to prepare the FOFI or assurance that such operating results will be achieved and, accordingly, the complete financial effects of all of those costs, expenditures, prices and operating results are not objectively determinable. The actual results of operations of the Corporation and the resulting financial results will likely vary from the amounts set forth in the analysis presented in this Presentation, and such variation may be material.

The Corporation and its management believe that the FOFI has been prepared on a reasonable basis, reflecting the best estimates and judgments, and represent, to the best of management's knowledge and opinion, Lycos' expected expenditures and results of operations as of the date of this Presentation. However, because this information is highly subjective and subject to numerous risks including the risks discussed under the heading "Forward-Looking Statements", it should not be relied on as necessarily indicative of future results. Except as required by applicable securities laws. Lycos undertakes no obligation to update such FOFI and forward-looking statements and information.



No Obligation to Update

The forward-looking statements or information contained in this Presentation are made as of the date hereof and the Corporation undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise unless required by applicable securities laws. The forward-looking statements or information contained in this Presentation are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to using financial measures prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), reference is made in this Presentation to various non-GAAP financial measures which is a measure that does not have any standardized meaning as prescribed by GAAP. Management believes that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors and shareholders as the measures provide increased transparency and the ability to better analyze performance. These non-GAAP financial measures might not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies where similar terminology is used. Investors are cautioned that these measures should not be construed as alternatives to or more meaningful than the most directly comparable IFRS measures as indicators of the Corporation's performance.

Set forth below are descriptions of the non-GAAP financial measures used in this Presentation.

Capital Expenditures

Management uses the term "capital expenditures" or "CAPEX" as a measure of capital investment in exploration and production activity, as well as property acquisitions and dispositions, as such spending is compared to the Corporation's annual budgeted capital expenditures. The most directly comparable IFRS measure for capital expenditures is cash flow used in investing activities. Capital expenditures represents capital expenditures – exploration & evaluation, capital expenditures – property, plant & equipment, acquisition through business combination and proceeds on disposition.

(\$ in thousands)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net cash used in investing activities	21,624	18,227	56,912	81,202
Change in non-cash working capital	(4,343)	8,763	1,077	18,160
Capital expenditures	17,281	26,990	57,989	99,362



Adjusted Working Capital (Net Debt).

This capital management measure is calculated as current assets less current liabilities, excluding the current portion of decommissioning liabilities and financial derivative receivable or liability. Adjusted working capital (Net debt) is a capital management measure which management uses to assess the Corporation's liquidity. Exit Adjusted Working Capital (Net Debt) is calculated by taking the forecasted December 2024 current assets less current liabilities, excluding the current portion of decommissioning liabilities and financial derivate receivable or liability.

(\$ in thousands)	September 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Working capital	(33,616)	(17,798)
Current portion of decommissioning liabilities	1,500	1,500
Financial derivative liability	389	(759)
Adjusted working capital (net debt)	(31,727)	(17,057)

Adjusted Funds Flow from Operations

This capital management measure is calculated by taking cash-flow from operating activities, on a periodic basis, and adding back changes in non-cash working capital, expenditures on decommissioning obligations may vary from period to period depending on capital programs and the maturity of the funds flow is calculated by taking cash flow from operating activities and adding back changes in non-cash working capital. Adjusted funds flow ("AFF") is further calculated by adding back decommissioning costs incurred and transaction costs. Management considers Adjusted Funds Flow from Operations to be a key measure to assess the performance of the Corporation's oil and gas properties and the Corporation's ability to fund future capital investment. Adjusted Funds Flow from Operations is an indicator of operating performance as it varies in response to production levels and management of costs. Changes in non-cash working capital, decommissioning costs incurred and transaction costs vary from period to period and management believes that excluding the impact of these provides a useful measure of Lycos' ability to generate the funds necessary to manage the capital needs of the Corporation.

(\$ in thousands)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash flow from operating activities	19,764	7,534	37,893	11,908
Change in non-cash working capital	(3,795)	1,744	5,204	5,656
Funds flow from operations	15,969	9,278	43,097	17,564
Decommissioning expenditures	921	899	1,278	1,363
Transaction costs	115	649	248	1,525
Adjusted funds flow from operations	17,005	10,826	44,623	20,452



Drilling Locations

This Presentation discloses multi-lateral/fishbone drilling locations in two categories: (i) booked locations and (ii) unbooked locations. Booked locations identified in this Presentation were derived from the reserves estimates presented in the reserves report (the "Reserves Report") prepared by Sproule Associates Limited, the Corporation's independent qualified reserves evaluator, as of December 31, 2023, and mechanically updated to April 8, 2024, for Q1 2024 figures, and August 7, 2024, for Q2 2024 figures, respectively, by the Corporation's internal qualified reserves evaluator, all in accordance with National Instrument 51-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities ("NI 51-101") and the most recent publication of the Canadian Oil and Gas Evaluations Handbook (the "COGE Handbook"), to reflect drilling that occurred during such periods and account for drilling locations that have associated proved and/or probable reserves, as applicable. Unbooked locations are internal estimates based on the Corporation's assumptions as to the number of wells that can be drilled per section based on industry practice and internal review. Unbooked locations do not have attributed reserves or resources. For the disclosed Q1 2024 inventory, of the approximately 220 (200 net) drilling locations identified herein, 37 (35.7 net) are proved locations, 22 (20.8 net) are probable locations and 161 (143.5 net) are unbooked locations. For the disclosed Q2 2024 inventory, of the approximately 225 (221.9 net) drilling locations identified herein, 31 (29.7 net) are proved locations, 21 (20.2 net) are probable locations and 173 (172 net) are unbooked locations Unbooked locations have been identified by management as an estimation of the Corporation's multi-year drilling activities based on evaluation of applicable geologic, seismic, engineering, production and reserves information. There is no certainty that the Corporation will drill all unbooked drilling locations and if drilled there is no certainty that such locations will result in additional oil and gas reserves, resources or production. The drilling locations considered for future development will ultimately depend upon the availability of capital, regulatory approvals, seasonal restrictions, oil and natural gas prices, costs, actual drilling results, additional reservoir information that is obtained and other factors. While certain of the unbooked drilling locations have been derisked by the drilling of existing wells in relative close proximity to such unbooked drilling locations, other unbooked drilling locations are farther away from existing wells where management has less information about the characteristics of the reservoir and therefore there is more uncertainty whether wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty that such wells will result in additional oil and gas reserves, resources or production.

Future Drilling Locations

Unless otherwise expressly stated, the information in this Presentation pertaining to future drilling locations or drilling inventories is based solely on internal estimates made by management and such locations have not been reflected in any independent reserve or resource evaluations prepared pursuant to NI 51-101. Similarly, unless otherwise expressly stated, the information in this Presentation pertaining to targeted reserve volumes from future drilling is intended to indicate that in making its internal drilling decisions, the Corporation seeks to target drilling locations that, based on previous drilling results and its own internal assessments, it believes will on average ultimately generate the indicated volumes.



Type Well Production, Initial Production Rates and Economics

This Presentation contains references to type well production and economics, which are derived, at least in part, from available information respecting the well economics of other companies and, as such, there is no guarantee that Lycos will achieve the stated or similar results, capital costs and return costs per well. Any references in this Presentation to initial production rates, IP 30, production type curves, economics or test results are useful in confirming and assessing the potential for the presence of hydrocarbons, however, such rates are not determinative of the rates at which such wells will continue production and decline thereafter and are not necessarily indicative of long-term performance or long-term economics of the relevant well or fields or of ultimate recovery of hydrocarbons. In particular, test result data should be considered to be preliminary until a pressure transient analysis and/or well-test interpretation has been carried out. While encouraging, readers are cautioned not to place reliance on such rates in calculating the aggregate production or performance for Lycos.

Analogous Information & Type Curves

In this Presentation, Lycos has provided information relating to properties in close proximity to the Corporation's properties, which is "analogous information" as defined by applicable securities laws. This analogous information is derived from publicly available information sources which the Corporation believes are predominantly independent in nature. Some of this data may not have been prepared by qualified reserves evaluators or auditors and the preparation of any estimates may not be in strict accordance with COGE Handbook. Regardless, estimates by engineering and geo-technical practitioners may vary and the differences may be significant. Lycos believes that the provision of this analogous information is relevant to Lycos' activities, given its acreage position and operations (either ongoing or planned) in the area in question, however, readers are cautioned that there is no certainty that any of the development on Lycos' properties will be successful to the extent in which operations on the lands in which the analogous historical production information is derived from were successful, or at all.

Certain type curves disclosure presented herein represents volumes expected to be recovered from wells. The type curves represent what management thinks an average well will achieve, based on methodology that is analogous to wells with similar geological features. Individual wells may be higher or lower but over a larger number of wells, management expects the average to come out to the type curve. Over time, type curves can and will change based on achieving more production history on older wells or more recent completion information on newer wells.

BOE Conversions

Lycos has adopted the standard of 6 mcf: 1 bbl when converting natural gas to oil equivalent. The term barrels of oil equivalent ("boe") may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A boe conversion ratio of 6 mcf: 1 bbl is roughly based on an energy equivalency conversion method applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the product sales point. Given the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil as compared to natural gas is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6 mcf: 1 bbl, utilizing a conversion ratio at 6 mcf: 1 bbl may be misleading as an indication of value.

Short Term Results

References in this press release to peak rates, initial production rates, IP30, IP90 and other short term production rates are useful in forming the presence of hydrocarbons, however such rates are not determinative of the rates at which such wells will commence production and decline thereafter and are not indicative of long-term performance or of ultimate recovery. While encouraging readers are cautioned not to place reliance on such rates in calculating the aggregate production of Lycos.



Third Party Information

Certain information contained herein has been obtained from published sources prepared by independent industry analysts and third-party sources (including industry publications, surveys and forecasts). While such information is believed to be reliable for the purpose used herein, none of the directors, officers, owners, managers, partners, consultants, shareholders, employees, affiliates or representatives assumes any responsibility for the accuracy of such information. Some of the sources cited in this Presentation have not consented to the inclusion of any data from their reports, nor has Lycos sought their consent.

US Disclaimers

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Unless expressly stated otherwise, all estimates of proved developed producing, proved, probable and possible reserves and related future net revenue disclosed in this Presentation have been prepared in accordance with NI 51-101. Estimates of reserves and future net revenue made in accordance with NI 51-101 will differ from corresponding estimates prepared in accordance with applicable U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission rules and disclosure requirements of the U.S. Financial Accounting Standards Board, and those differences may be material.

Currency

All figures in this Presentation are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise denoted

Acronyms

bbl – barrels
bbl/d – barrels per day
boe – barrels of oil equivalent
boe/d – barrels of oil equivalent per day
BT or BTAX – before tax
CAPEX – capital expenditures
DCET – drill case equipment tie-in
EUR – estimated ultimate recovery
IRR – internal rate of return
m – metres

mbbl – thousand barrels
mbbl/d – thousand barrels per day
HI – first half of the year
mcf – thousand cubic feet
MM – million
MRF – Modernized Royalty Framework
Mstb – thousand stock tank barrels
NPV 10 – net present value with a discount of 10%
OPEX – operating expenditures

PV 10 – present value with a discount of 10% WCS – Western Canadian Select wm – per well month WTI – West Texas Intermediate TSXV – TSX Venture Exchange USD – US Dollars